

NTSE STAGE II
CODE: 13 – 15
SAT

1. Suppose a mutant of a photosynthetic alga has dysfunctional mitochondria. It would affect its ability to perform
(1) glycolysis (2) anaerobic respiration
(3) aerobic respiration (4) photosynthesis
2. Cow has a special stomach as compared to that of a lion in order to
(1) absorb food in better manner
(2) digest cellulose present in the food.
(3) assimilate food in a better way
(4) absorb large amount of water.
3. When touched, the leaflets of Touch-me-not plant are closed. Closing of leaflets starts from the point of contact to the leaflets away. The leaflets are closed due to
(1) change in turgor pressure (2) specialized proteins
(3) growth hormone retardation (4) capillary action
4. Pancreas is composed of
(1) Only exocrine cells. (2) Only endocrine cells.
(3) Both endocrine and exocrine cells. (4) Nephrons
5. The human embryo gets nutrition from the mother blood with the help of a special organ called
(1) Zygote (2) Ovary
(3) Oviduct (4) Placenta
6. Hormones produced in one part of the organism reach the distantly located target via
(1) muscles (2) bone
(3) cartilage (4) blood
7. Which of the following are characteristic features of cells of meristematic tissue?
(1) Actively dividing cells with dense cytoplasm, thick cell wall and prominent nuclei.
(2) Actively dividing cells with dense cytoplasm, thin cell wall and no vacuoles.
(3) Actively dividing cells with little cytoplasm, thin cell wall and prominent nuclei.
(4) Actively dividing cells with thin cytoplasm, thin cell wall and no vacuoles.
8. Which one of the following animals is different from others in not having the paired gill pouches?
(1) Whale (2) Water snake
(3) Star fish (4) Sea horse
9. In the symbiotic relationship between a bacterium and a root of legume the
(1) bacteria provide N_2 and the plant roots provide carbon.
(2) roots provide NH_4 and bacteria provide carbon.
(3) bacteria provide NH_4 and the roots provide carbon.
(4) bacteria provide N_2 and the roots provide NH_4 .
10. Which of the following is a result of biological magnification?
(1) Top level predators may be most harmed by toxic chemicals in environment.
(2) Increase in carbon dioxide.
(3) The green-house effect will be most significant at the poles.
(4) Energy is lost at each trophic level of a food chain.

11. Which one of the following signifies *ex situ* conservation?
 (1) National parks and Biosphere reserves.
 (2) Wild animals in their natural habitats.
 (3) Inhabitants of natural ecosystems.
 (4) Conservation methods practiced in Zoo and Botanical garden.
12. What is the main reason for increase in temperature in a glass house?
 (1) Sunlight is completely absorbed by plants in the glass house.
 (2) Radiation fails to escape from the glass house completely.
 (3) Plants do not utilize sunlight in a glass house.
 (4) Plants produce heat inside the glass house.
13. Match the items in column I with those in column II, and select the correct choice.

Column I		Column II	
(A)	Small pox	(I)	Bacteria
(B)	Cholera	(II)	Virus
(C)	Malaria	(III)	Deficiency of minerals
(D)	Anaemia	(IV)	Female mosquito

- (1) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I
 (2) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III
 (3) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
 (4) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
14. In the experiment conducted by Mendel, RRyy (round, green) and rrYY (wrinkled, yellow) seeds of pea plant were used. In the F₂ generation 240 progeny were produced, out of which 15 progeny had specific characteristics. What were the characteristics?
 (1) Round and green
 (2) Round and yellow
 (3) Wrinkle and yellow
 (4) Wrinkle and green
15. Total number of neutrons in five moles of water molecule is
 (1) 3.011×10^{24}
 (2) 2.409×10^{25}
 (3) 3.111×10^{25}
 (4) 2.711×10^{25}
16. The metal used to recover copper from an aqueous solution of copper sulphate is
 (1) Na
 (2) Ag
 (3) Hg
 (4) Fe
17. Four substances were thoroughly mixed with water separately to obtain mixtures A, B, C and D. Some of their properties are given below:
 (I) Path of a beam of light passing through it was visible in A, B and D but invisible in C.
 (II) On leaving undisturbed, the particles of the substance settle down in A but not in B, C and D.
 (III) The solute particles are visible to naked eye in A but invisible in B, C and D.
 Which of the following is correct about A, B, C and D?
 (1) A, B and D are colloids, C is a solution.
 (2) A is a suspension, B and D are colloids, C is a solution.
 (3) A is a colloid. B, C and D are solutions.
 (4) A is a suspension. B, C and D are colloids.
18. Assertion (A): Aluminium foil cannot be used in α -particle scattering experiment.
 Reason (R): Aluminium is highly malleable metal.
 (1) Both A and R are correct. R is the correct reason for A.
 (2) Both A and R are correct but R is not the correct reason for A.
 (3) A is correct and R is incorrect.
 (4) A is incorrect and R is correct.

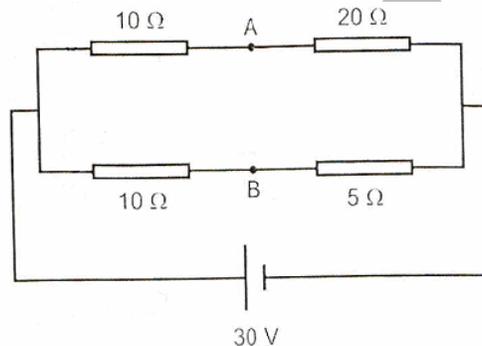
19. Magnesium ribbon is rubbed with sand paper before making it to burn. The reason of rubbing the ribbon is to
- (1) remove moisture condensed over the surface of ribbon.
 - (2) generate heat due to exothermic reaction.
 - (3) remove magnesium oxide formed over the surface of magnesium.
 - (4) mix silicon from and paper (silicon dioxide with magnesium for lowering ignition temperature of the ribbon).
20. The reaction that differs from the rest of the reactions given is
- (1) formation of calcium oxide from limestone.
 - (2) formation of aluminium from aluminium oxide.
 - (3) formation of sodium carbonate fro sodium hydrogen carbonate.
 - (4) formation of mercury from mercuric oxide.
21. An element X reacts with dilute H_2SO_4 as well as with NaOH to produce salt and $\text{H}_2(\text{g})$. Hence, It may be concluded that:
- (I) X is an electropositive element.
 - (II) oxide of X is basic in nature.
 - (III) oxide of X is acidic in nature.
 - (IV) X is an electronegative element.
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------|
| (1) I, II, IIII | (2) IV, I, III |
| (3) III, IV, I | (4) II, III, IV |
22. An element X has electronic configuration 2, 8, 1 and another element Y has electronic configuration 2, 8, 7. They form a compound Z. The property that is not exhibited by Z is
- (1) It has high melting point
 - (2) It is a good conductor of electricity in its pure solid state.
 - (3) It breaks into pieces when beaten with hammer.
 - (4) It is soluble in water
23. the compound containing both ionic and covalent bond is
- | | |
|---------------------|----------------------------|
| (1) AlBr_3 | (2) CaO |
| (3) MgCl_2 | (4) NH_4Cl |
24. The element that cannot be used as a reducing agent is
- | | |
|-------------|---------------|
| (1) carbon | (2) aluminium |
| (3) sulphur | (4) sodium |
25. Somebody wanted to calculate the number of moles of oxygen atoms comprising of 9.033×10^{23} number of its atoms. The person further thought to calculate its mass and to find the number of moles of hydrogen atoms required to combine completely with this amount of oxygen to form water. The number of moles of oxygen atoms, their mass (in grams) and the number of moles of hydrogen atoms are
- | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (1) 1.5, 3 and 24 respectively | (2) 15, 18 and 3 respectively |
| (C) 0.15, 27. 3 respectively. | (4) 1.5, 24 and 3 respectively |
26. The molecular formula of carboxylic acid that differs from the rest is
- | | |
|--|---|
| (1) $\text{C}_{13}\text{H}_{26}\text{O}_2$ | (2) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_4\text{O}_2$ |
| (3) $\text{C}_9\text{H}_{18}\text{O}_2$ | (4) $\text{C}_7\text{H}_{12}\text{O}_2$ |
27. Foam of soap always appears white as
- (1) it contains large hydrogen chains.
 - (2) it absorbs red portion of the visible light.
 - (3) it reflects light of all wavelengths.
 - (4) it has one hydrophobic end, which is insoluble in water.

28. In a neon gas discharge tube, every second 4.8×10^{18} Ne^+ ions move towards the right through a cross-section of the tube, while 'n' electrons move to the left in the same time. If the current in the tube is 1.12 amperes towards the right, 'n' is equal to (given $e = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$ coulomb)
- (1) 1.8×10^{18} (2) 2.2×10^{18}
 (3) 2.4×10^{19} (4) 2.8×10^{19}

29. Four situations are given below
- (I) An infinitely long wire carrying current
 (II) A rectangular loop carrying current
 (III) A solenoid of finite length carrying current.
 (IV) A circular loop carrying current.

In which of the above cases will the magnetic field produced be like that of a bar magnet?

- (1) I (2) I and III
 (3) Only III (4) Only IV
30. In the circuit diagram shown below, V_A and V_B are the potentials at points A and B respectively. Then, $V_A - V_B$ is



- (1) -10 V (2) -20 V
 (3) 0 V (4) 10 V
31. **Assertion (A):** Motion of a charged particle under the action of a magnetic field alone is always with constant speed.
Reason (R): The magnetic force does not have any component either along or opposite to the direction of motion of the charged particle.
- (1) Both Assertion and Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion.
 (2) Both Assertion and Reason are true, but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion.
 (3) Assertion is a true statement, but Reason is false.
 (4) Both Assertion and Reason are false statements.
32. When a charged particle passes through an electric field, which among the following properties change?
- (I) mass (II) charge
 (III) velocity (IV) momentum
- (1) II & III (2) only III
 (3) III & IV (4) I, III & IV

33. A ray of light in air is incident on an equilateral glass prism at an angle θ_i to the normal. After refraction, the light travelled parallel to the base of prism and emerged in air at an angle θ_c to the normal. If the angle between the incident and the emergent rays is 60° , then the refractive index of glass with respect to air is
- (1) 1.33 (2) 1.5
(3) 1.73 (4) 1.66
34. You are standing on the shore of a lake. You spot a fish swimming below the lake surface. You want to kill the fish first by throwing a spear and next, by pointing a high-power laser torch. How should you aim the spear and torch, respectively, from the options given below?
- (I) above the apparent position of the fish
(II) below the apparent position of the fish
(III) directly at the apparent position of the fish
- (1) SPEAR : II ; LASER : III (2) SPEAR : I ; LASER : II
(3) SPEAR : II ; LASER : II (4) SPEAR : III ; LASER : III
35. A beam of light coming from a rarer medium is partially reflected from the surface of a denser medium and partially refracted into the denser medium. If the reflected and the refracted rays are perpendicular to each other and the ratio of the refractive indices of denser and rarer medium is $\sqrt{3}$, the angle of refraction will be
- (1) 60° (2) 30°
(3) 45° (4) 41.5°
36. A person can see clearly only the objects situated in the range of 50 cm to 300 cm. He went to an Optometrist who prescribed him a lens of certain power to increase the maximum distance of his vision to infinity, i.e. it corrected the near – sightedness. However, upon using the prescribed lens the person discovered that the near point of his vision has shifted from 50 cm to a distance “d”. What is the value of d?
- (1) 60 cm (2) 100 cm
(3) 40 cm (4) 500 cm
37. A ball of mass m is thrown from a height h with a speed v. For what initial direction of the ball will its speed on hitting the ground be maximum?
- (1) horizontally
(2) vertically downwards
(3) at an angle of 45° from the vertical in the downward direction
(4) speed does not depend on the direction in which the ball is thrown
38. A beaker is filled with two non – mixing liquids. The lower liquid has density twice that of the upper one. A cylinder of height h floats with one – fourth of its height submerged in the lower liquid and half of its height submerged in the upper liquid. Another beaker is filled with the denser of the two liquids alone. If the same cylinder is kept in the second beaker, the height of the submerged position would be.
- (1) h (2) $\frac{3h}{4}$
(3) $\frac{h}{2}$ (4) $\frac{h}{4}$
39. A spring – loaded toy sits at rest on horizontal frictionless surface. When the spring releases, the toy breaks into three equal – mass pieces A, B and C, which slide along the surface. Piece A moves off in the negative x – direction, while piece B moves off in the negative y direction. Which of the three pieces is moving the fastest?
- (1) A (2) B
(3) C (4) They move with identical speeds

40. A truck and a car of masses m_1 and m_2 respectively are moving with equal kinetic energies. Equal stopping forces are applied and they come to a halt after traveling further distances x_1 and x_2 respectively. Then

(1) $x_1 = x_2$ (2) $\frac{x_1}{x_2} = \frac{m_1}{m_2}$
 (3) $\frac{x_1}{x_2} = \sqrt{\frac{m_1}{m_2}}$ (4) $\frac{x_1}{x_2} = \sqrt{\frac{m_2}{m_1}}$

41. On dividing a natural number by 13, the remainder is 3 and on dividing the same number by 21, the remainder is 11. If the number lies between 500 and 600, then the remainder on dividing the number by 19 is

(1) 4 (2) 6
 (3) 9 (4) 13

42. Expressing $0.\overline{34} + 0.\overline{34}$ as a single decimal, we get

(1) $0.\overline{6788}$ (2) $0.\overline{689}$
 (3) $0.\overline{6878}$ (4) $0.\overline{687}$

43. If the value of a quadratic polynomial $p(x)$ is 0 only at $x = -1$ and $p(-2) = 2$, then the value of $p(2)$ is

(1) 18 (2) 9
 (3) 6 (4) 3

44. The graphs of the equations $x - y = 2$ and $kx + y = 3$, where k is a constant, intersect at the point (x, y) in the first quadrant, if and only if k is

(1) equal to -1 (2) greater than -1
 (3) less than $\frac{3}{2}$ (4) lying between -1 and $\frac{3}{2}$

45. If α and β are the roots of the quadratic equation $x^2 - 6x - 2 = 0$ and if $a_n = \alpha^n - \beta^n$, then

the value of $\frac{a_{10} - 2a_8}{2a_9}$ is

(1) 6.0 (2) 5.2
 (3) 5.0 (4) 3.0

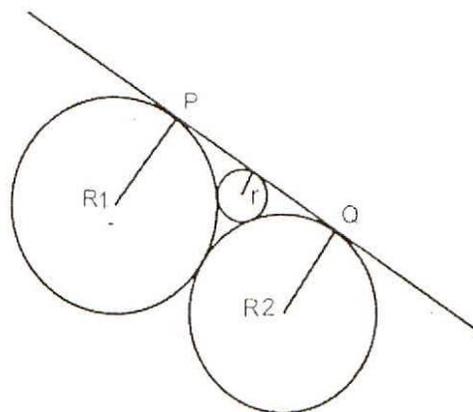
46. If $S_1, S_2, S_3, \dots, S_r$ are the sums of first n terms of r arithmetic progressions whose first terms are $1, 2, 3, \dots$ and whose common differences are $1, 3, 5, \dots$ respectively, then the value of $S_1 + S_2 + S_3 + \dots + S_r$ is

(1) $\frac{(nr-1)(nr+1)}{2}$ (2) $\frac{(nr+1)nr}{2}$
 (3) $\frac{(nr-1)nr}{2}$ (4) $\frac{n(nr+1)}{2}$

47. A person walks towards a tower. Initially when he starts, angle of elevation of the top of the tower is 30° . On traveling 20 metres towards the tower, the angle changes to 60° . How much more has he to travel to reach the tower?

(1) $10\sqrt{3}$ metres (2) 10 metres
 (3) 20 metres (4) $\frac{10}{\sqrt{3}}$ metres

55. Three circles with radii R_1 , R_2 and r touch each other externally as shown in the adjoining figure. If PQ is their common tangent and $R_1 > R_2$, then which of the following relations is correct?



- (1) $R_1 - R_2 = r$
 (2) $R_1 + R_2 = 2r$
 (3) $\frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} = \frac{1}{r}$
 (4) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{R_1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{R_2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}}$

56. ABC is a triangle in which $AB = 4$ cm, $BC = 5$ cm, and $AC = 6$ cm. A circle is drawn to touch side BC at P , side AB extended at Q and side AC extended at R . Then, AQ equals.

- (1) 7.0 cm
 (2) 7.5 cm
 (3) 6.5 cm
 (4) 15.0 cm

57. The centre of the circle passing through the points $(6, -6)$, $(3, -7)$ and $(3, 3)$ is

- (1) $(3, 2)$
 (2) $(-3, -2)$
 (3) $(3, -2)$
 (4) $(-3, 2)$

58. If the line segment joining $(2, 3)$ and $(-1, 2)$ is divided internally in the ratio $3 : 4$ by the graph of the equation $x + 2y = k$, the value of k is

- (1) $\frac{5}{7}$
 (2) $\frac{31}{7}$
 (3) $\frac{36}{7}$
 (4) $\frac{41}{7}$

59. The mean of three positive numbers is 10 more than the smallest of the numbers and 15 less than the largest of the three. If the median of the three numbers is 5, then the mean of squares of the numbers is

- (1) $108\frac{2}{3}$
 (2) $116\frac{2}{3}$
 (3) $208\frac{1}{3}$
 (4) $216\frac{2}{3}$
 $= \frac{650}{3} = 216\frac{2}{3}$

60. Three dice are thrown simultaneously. The probability of getting a total of at least 5 of the numbers appearing on their tops is

- (1) $\frac{5}{54}$
 (2) $\frac{7}{54}$
 (3) $\frac{49}{54}$
 (4) $\frac{53}{54}$

61. Match the following

A	Livre	I.	A tax levied by the Church
B	Manor	II.	An estate of Lord's lands and his mansions
C	Tithe	III.	Tax to be paid directly to the State
D	Taille	IV	Unit of currency

(1) A – III, B – II, C – IV, D – I

(2) A – II, B – IV, C – I, D – III

(3) A – IV, B – II, C – III, D – I

(4) A – IV, B – I, C – II, D – III

62. **Assertion (A)** : After the 1905 revolution in Russia, Duma or the first elected consultative Parliament came into existence.

Reason (R) : The power of Tsar was curbed by it

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

(3) A is true and R is false

(4) A is false and R is true

63. Arrange in correct chronological order

I. Dawes Plan

II. Crashing of the Wall Street Exchange

III. Birth of Weimar Republic

IV. Creation of Gestapo (Secret State Police)

(1) I, II, III, IV

(2) III, II, I, IV

(3) IV, II, III, I

(4) III, I, II, IV

64. **Assertion (A)** : Cricket as a game has a long and strong rural connection.

Reason (R) : The time limit of a match and vagueness about the size of Cricket ground is a result of the rhythms of village life.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

(3) A is true and R is false

(4) A is false and R is true

65. **Assertion (A)** : In the 17th and 18th Century merchants from the towns in Europe started financing peasants and artisans in the country side for production for them.

Reason (R) : In the urban centres powerful crafts and trade guilds with monopoly rights restricted the entry of new people into the trade.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

(3) A is true and R is false

(4) A is false and R is true

66. **Assertion (A)** : Colonial Forest Act changed the lives of villagers across the country

Reason (R) : Now the villagers could comfortably make use of the forest resources for everyday needs.

(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A

(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A

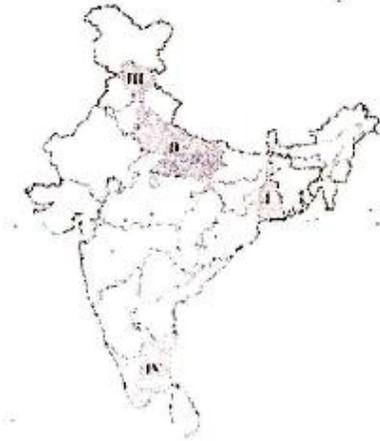
(3) A is true and R is false

(4) A is false and R is true

67. Arrange the following events of nineteenth century Europe in ascending order.
 I. Unification of Germany
 II. Beginning of Greek struggle for independence
 III. Unification of Italy
 IV. Vienna Peace Settlement
 (1) III, I, II, IV (2) IV, II, III, I
 (3) I, III, IV, II (4) IV, II, I, III
68. Arrange the following events in descending order with regard to Nationalist Movement in Indo – China
 I. Creation of Indo – China union
 II. Formation of Communist Party in Vietnam
 III. Paris Peace Treaty
 IV. Declaration of independence by Ho Chi Minh
 (1) III, IV, II, I (2) III, IV, I, II
 (3) I, II, III, IV (4) I, II, IV, III
69. Find out the correct statements with regard to Rowlatt Act.
 I. The Rowlatt Act was passed in 1919
 II. The act was passed by Imperial Legislative Council
 III. The act allowed detention of Political prisoners without trial for three years
 IV. Protests against the Act led to Jallianwalla Bagh massacre in April 1920.
 (1) Only II and III are correct (2) Only I and III are correct
 (3) Only III and IV are correct (4) Only I and II are correct
70. Assertion (A) : Population growth from the late eighteenth century increased the demand for food grains in Britain.
 Reason (R) : ‘Corn Laws’ introduced by the government helped in reducing the food prices.
 (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 (2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 (3) A is true and R is false
 (4) A is false and R is true
71. Match the following
- | | | | |
|---|---------------|------|---|
| A | Galley | I. | Old name of Tokyo |
| B | Edo | II. | Contained six sheet of text and wood cut illustrations |
| C | Vellum | III. | Metal Frame in which types are laid and the text composed |
| D | Diamond Sutra | IV | A parchment made from skin of animals |
- (1) A – III, B – I, C – II, D – IV (2) A – I, B – III, C – II, D – IV
 (3) A – I, B – III, C – IV, D – II (4) A – III, B – I, C – IV, D – II
72. Given below are statements regarding the course of development of Socialism in Europe. Arrange them in chronological sequence.
 I. Socialists took over the government in Russia through the October Revolution.
 II. Socialists and trade unionists formed a labour party in Britain and Socialist party in France
 III. The Russian Social Democratic Worker’s Party was founded by Socialists who respected Marx’ s ideas.
 IV. Socialists could not succeed in forming a government in Europe and governments continued to be run by conservatives, liberals and radicals.
 V. Second International was formed to coordinate the efforts of socialists throughout Europe.
 (1) V, III, II, IV, I (2) I, II, III, IV, V
 (3) V, II, III, I, IV (4) IV, V, III, I, II

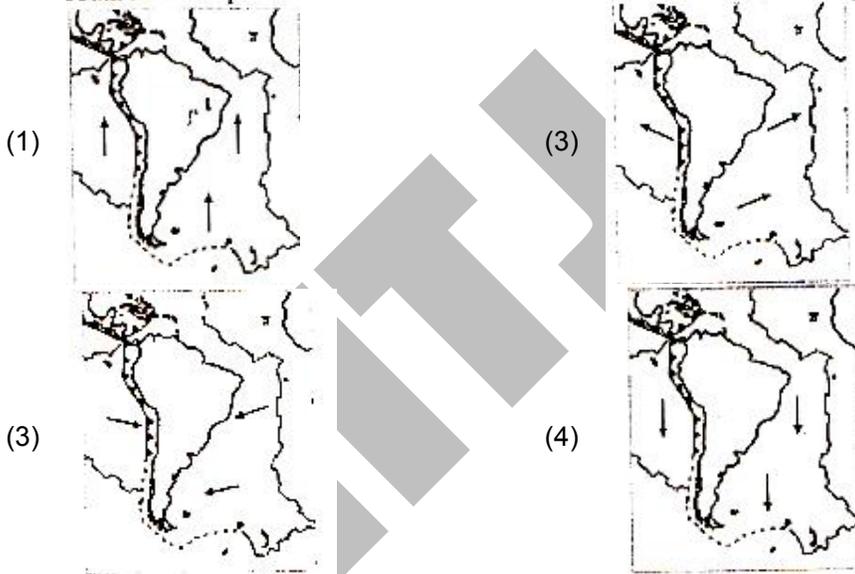
73. Hitler's ideology related to the geopolitical concept of Lebensraum, or living space implied
- (1) there was no equality between people but only a racial hierarchy
 - (2) only those species survived on earth that could adapt themselves to changing climatic conditions
 - (3) new territories had to be acquired for settlement to increase the area of the mother country
 - (4) an exclusive racial community of pure Germans to be created by physically eliminating all those who were seen as undesirable.
74. During the mid-eighteenth century
- Assertion(A):** Indian spinners and weavers left without work and important centers of textile declined.
- Reason(R):** large number of people began boycotting British cloth and started adopting khadi
- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - (2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - (3) A is true and R is false
 - (4) A is false and R is true
75. **Assertion(A):** Mahatma Gandhi called off the Civil Disobedience Movement and entered into a pact with Irwin in 1931.
- Reason(R):** Industrial workers in Sholapur attacked structure that symbolized British rule
- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - (2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - (3) A is true and R is false
 - (4) A is false and R is true
76. **Assertion(A):** The latitudinal extent influences the duration of day and night, as one moves from south to north of India..
- Reason(R):** From Gujarat to Arunachal Pradesh there is a time lag of two hours
- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - (2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - (3) A is true and R is false
 - (4) A is false and R is true
77. **Assertion(A):** Kharif crops are grown with the onset of monsoon in different parts of India and harvested in September-October.
- Reason(R):** Availability of precipitation due to western temperate cyclones helps in growing of these crops
- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
 - (2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
 - (3) A is true and R is false
 - (4) A is false and R is true

78. Arrange the shaded states shown on the map of India in descending order of population density and select the right code



- (1) II, I, IV, III
 (2) I, II, III, IV
 (3) I, II, IV, III
 (4) I, IV, II, III

79. Which one of the following figure is showing the correct direction of movement of the South America plate?



80. Based on the data (elevation and latitude) provided below which of the following tourist centers is most probably indicated?

Elevation: 3500 meters
 Latitude: 34° N

- (A) Shillong
 (B) Mussoorie
 (C) Kodaikanal
 (D) Leh

81. Keeping in mind the location of the following sanctuaries/national parks of India, arrange them from south to north:

I. Periyar, II. Dachigam, III. Sarsika IV. Kanha

- (1) I, IV, II, III
 (2) III, I, IV, II
 (3) IV, I, III, II
 (4) I, IV, III, II

82. Match List – I (Revolution) with List – II (Area) and select the correct answer using the codes given below:

List – I (Revolution)		List – II (Area)	
A.	Blue	I.	Dairy development
B.	Green	II.	Fisheries development
C.	White	III.	Food production
D.	Yellow	IV.	Silk production

- (1) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
(3) A-IV, B-II, C-I, D-III

- (2) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
(4) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV

83. **Assertion(A):** The availability of water resources varies over space and time in India.
Reason(R): Water availability is governed by variations in seasonal and annual precipitation although water scarcity is aggravated by over-exploitation and unequal access to water among different social groups.

- (1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
(3) A is true and R is false
(4) A is false and R is true

84. Match List – I (Type of resources) with List – II (Basis of classification) and select the codes given below:

List – I (Type of resources)		List – II (Basis of classification)	
A.	Biotic and abiotic	I.	Status of development
B.	Renewable and non-renewable	II.	Origin
C.	Individual, community, national and international	III.	Ownership
D.	Potential developed, stock and reserves	IV.	Exhaustibility

- (1) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV
(3) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I

- (2) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV
(4) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I

85. Which one of the following is the correct order of rivers from north to south?
(1) Ravi, Chenab, Jhelum, Indus
(2) Indus, Jhelum, Chenab, Ravi
(3) Jhelum, Indus, Ravi, Chenab
(4) Chenab, Ravi, Indus, Jhelum

86. Match List – I (National highways of India) with List – II (Description) and select the codes given below:

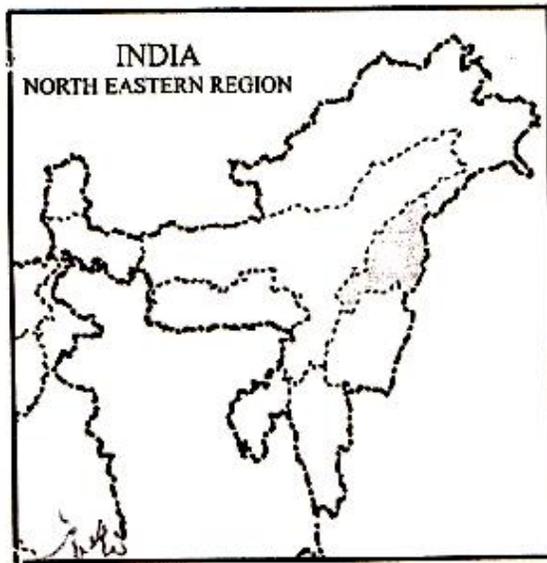
List – I (National highways of India)		List – II (Description)	
A.	National Highway Number – 1	I.	Covers most of Rajasthan
B.	National Highway Number – 15	II.	Known as Sher Shah Suri Marg
C.	National Highway Number – 7	III.	Connects Delhi and Mumbai
D.	National Highway Number – 8	IV.	Is the longest national highway

- (1) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
(3) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III

- (2) A-I, B-II, C-IV, D-III
(4) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV

87. Which of the following statement is NOT true to the context of Mawsynram?
(1) It is considered as the wettest place on earth
(2) It possesses cave with stalagmites and stalactites
(3) It is located very close to Cherrapunji
(4) It is located very close to the Myanmar border

88. Which one of the following facts about the shaded state shown below is incorrect?



- (1) Terrace cultivation is widespread in the hill areas
(2) The state is a major producer of uranium
(3) Population density is well below the national average
(4) More than 80 percent of the area has forest as the land cover
89. The tropic of cancer passes through which of the following plateau?
(1) Only Malwa (2) Only Chotanagpur
(3) Only Meghalaya (4) Both Malwa and Chotanagpur
90. **Assertion(A):** The Coriolis force is responsible for deflecting winds towards the right in the northern hemisphere and towards the left in the southern hemisphere.
Reason(R): The pressure and wind system of any area depend on the latitude and altitude of the place.
(1) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A
(2) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A
(3) A is true and R is false
(4) A is false and R is true
91. Which of the following arguments against prescribing educational qualification for elected representatives are true?
I. Educational qualification will deprive illiterate citizens of the right to contest elections.
II. Relevant qualification for being elected representatives is not education but ability to address people's problems
III. Educated elected representatives keep distance from the common people
IV. It is easier for the educated elected representatives to use power for personal gains
V. It should be left to the voters to decide how much importance is to be given to educational qualification of a candidate.
(1) I, II and IV only (2) I, III and V only
(3) I, IV and V only (4) I, II and V only
92. Which of the following terms were inserted in the preamble to the Indian Constitution by the 42nd Amendment Act, 1976?
I. Integrity II. Secular
III. Socialist IV. Unity
(1) I, III and IV (2) II and III
(3) I, II and III (4) I, II and IV

93. Which of the following international institutions has a more democratic way of decision-making on matters of global importance?
 (1) General Assembly of the United Nations (2) International Monetary Fund
 (3) Security Council of the United Nations (4) World Bank

94. Which of the following factors have contributed to changes in the caste system?
 I. Economic development II. Language
 III. Education IV. Elections
 V. Region
 (1) I, III and IV (2) II, IV and V
 (3) II, III and IV (4) I, III and V

95. Match List – I with List – II and select the answer using the codes given below:

List – I		List – II	
A.	Supervises the overall functioning of all the political institutions in the country	I.	The Supreme Court
B.	Distributes and redistributes work to the ministers	II.	The President
C.	Minister may have different views but have to own up every decision	III.	The Prime Minister
D.	Determines the constitutionality of any contentious action	IV.	The Cabinet

- (1) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I (2) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
 (3) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I (4) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II

96. Calculate the female literacy rate from the given data

Gender	Total persons	Literate persons
Males	1200	1050
Females	580	340
Total	1780	1390

- (1) 32.5 (2) 19.1
 (3) 58.6 (4) 28.3

97. Which of these activities contributes to India's national income?
 I. Cooking at home
 II. A teacher teaching his children at home
 III. A doctor prescribing medicines in a clinic
 IV. Cooking in a restaurant
 (1) I and II (2) II and III
 (3) III and IV (4) I and IV

98. In an imaginary economy the monetary value of contributions of primary sector, public sector, secondary sector and service sector are Rs 100, Rs 25, Rs 28 and Rs 77 respectively. The gross domestic product of the economy is
 (1) Rs 100 (2) Rs 205
 (3) Rs 153 (4) Rs 230

99. Four families in a village, which has only a ration shop, have access to food grains as shown in the table. Identify the families that lack food security

Family	Food requirement in kg	Food grain price / kg	Money available to each family for buying food grains	Possessing Ration card
A.	50	10	600	Yes
B	30	10	330	No
C	20	10	180	Yes
D	40	10	400	Yes

- (1) A and B
(2) B and C
(3) C and D
(4) D and A
100. Robinson Crusoe goes to sea with a net for fishing. Classify the factors of production and choose the appropriate option given below.

Item		Classification	
A.	Knowledge of fishing	I.	Physical Capital
B.	Net	II.	Labour
C.	Sea	III.	Human Capital
D.	Swimming	IV.	Land

- (1) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
(2) A-IV, B-III, C-I, D-II
(3) A-III, B-I, C-IV, D-II
(4) A-II, B-I, C-III, D-IV